



Green Economies Dialogue

08h45 09h15	<p><u>Opening Session</u> Monica Messenberg – Institutional Affairs Director, CNI Ambassador André Aranha Corrêa do Lago - Director of the Environment and Special Themes Department, Ministry of External Relation of Brazil Rodrigo Rollemberg, Senator and President of the Environment Senate Commission, PSB-DF (TBC)</p>
09h15 09h45	<p><u>Introduction and objectives of the Green Economies Dialogue</u> Brian Flannery - Chair International Business Green Economies Dialogue</p> <p><u>Results of the Washington, Paris, Beijing and Tokyo dialogues</u> Norine Kennedy - United States Council for International Business, USCIB Hanni Rosenbaum - Business and Industry Advisory Committee of OECD, BIAC</p>
09h45 11h15	<p><u>Panel I: Road to Rio+20</u> This session aims to discuss the perspectives of Brazil at the Conference, by creating an exclusive space for dialogue between the government and both the national and the international private sector. This dialogue will try to clarify points of view and expand the discussion on green growth by the business sector, about its challenges and opportunities, as well as possible results regarding the development of a green growth model.</p> <p><i>Session chair:</i> Monica Messenberg - Institutional Affairs Director, CNI <i>Presentations:</i> Objectives and expectations of the Brazilian Government for Rio+20 - Ministry of the Environment of Brazil Colômbia-Guatemala Proposal to Rio+20 - Ambassador Manuel Estuardo Roldan, Embassy of Guatemala (TBC) Jorge Viana, Senator, PT-AC (TBC) <i>Discussions</i> José Carlos Carvalho, Dom Cabral Foundation <i>Closing Remarks</i> Norine Kennedy, Vice President, Energy and Environmental Affairs, USCIB</p>
11h15 11h30	<p><u>Coffee Break</u></p>
11h30 13h00	<p><u>Panel II: Green Growth in Emerging and Developing Countries</u> Green growth assumes different meanings for developed, emerging and late developing countries. Examining these meanings and how they impact the business sector of the countries is key to understanding the complex context of the negotiations at the Rio + 20 Conference. This session aims to discuss the meaning of green growth or green economy for countries at different stages of development, with emphasis on the implications (opportunities and challenges) for the business sector of these countries.</p> <p><i>Session chair:</i> Heloisa Menezes, Secretary of Production Development, Ministry of Development, Industry and Foreign Trade (TBC) <i>Presentations:</i> Renato Caporali Cordeiro, Director of Operations, SESI</p>



	<p><i>Discussions</i> Pedro Luiz Fernandez, Novozymes, Latin America President Edmar Luiz Fagundes de Almeida, Coordinator of the Partnership between IBP/IE-UFRJ (Petroleum Brazilian Institute and University of Rio de Janeiro) <i>Closing Remarks</i> Justin Perrettson, Novozymes</p>
13h 14h	<u>Lunch</u>
14h 15h30	<p><u>Panel III: Sustainable Use of Tropical Forests: mechanisms and policy</u> This session will discuss the challenges and dilemmas of promoting economic growth in such sensitive areas, examining the mechanisms and tools necessary to promote green growth strategies that use natural resources and sustainable development in these regions. Special attention will be given to the role of companies with investments in these areas and their potential to disseminate business models based on the principle of sustainability.</p> <p><i>Session Chair: José Augusto Coelho Fernandes</i>, Executive Director, CNI (TBC) <i>Presentations:</i> Ravi Sharma, UN Convention on Biological Diversity Paulo Moutinho, Executive Director, Amazon Environmental Research Institute (IPAM) <i>Discussions</i> Vale Roberto Silva Waack, AMATA <i>Closing Remarks</i> John Drexhage, International Council on Mining and Metals (ICMM)</p>
15h30 15h45	<u>Coffee Break</u>
15h45 17h15	<p><u>Panel IV: Implications of low-carbon economy for fuels, food, forests</u> Energy and efforts to develop a low carbon economy illustrate the complexity of green growth challenges. Meeting societal needs and aspirations globally will require enhancing energy supplies and access to energy, most especially in developing nations. On the other hand, energy challenges exist not only with regard to greenhouse gas and other emissions, but also for land and water availability and use, and energy security. Emerging concerns center on overlapping, long-term pressures in the pursuit of multiple objectives in conservation, biodiversity, enhanced production of food and biofuels, and expansion of forests for carbon-sequestration. These objectives bring more sharply into focus difficult concerns also for the availability and management of water across all these dimensions, especially in countries like Brazil. Meeting these challenges will require innovation by business, massive sustained public and private investments in facilities and infrastructure, and cooperative international approaches on trade, investment and finance.</p> <p><i>Session chair: Olavo Machado Júnior</i>, President of the Environmental Council (Coema) <i>Presentations:</i> Leon E. Clarke, Joint Global Change Research Institute <i>Discussions</i> Damian Popolo, British Gas, Director of technology</p>



	<p>Beatriz Espinosa, The global oil and gas industry association for environmental and social issues, IPIECA André Nassar, Institute for International Trade Negotiations, ICONE <i>Closing Remarks</i> Hanni Rosenbaum, BIAC</p>
17h15 17h45	<p><i>Closing Session</i> Brian Flannery - Chair International Business Green Economies Dialogue Shelley Carneiro –Executive Manager of the Environment and Sustainability Unit, CNI Ambassador André Aranha Corrêa do Lago - Director of the Environment and Special Themes Department, Ministry of External Relation of Brazil</p>
18h	<p><u><i>Cocktail</i></u></p>